

Social Security Scotland Statistics

Scottish Child Payment: high level statistics to 30 September 2022

Key figures

- From 9 November 2020 to 30 September 2022, 189,615 applications were received for Scottish Child Payment **[Table 1]**.
- In total, 181,400 applications had been processed as of 30 September 2022. Of these, 84% were authorised, 14% were denied and the remaining 2% were withdrawn **[Table 1]**.
- The median average¹ processing times decreased from 36 working days in June 2022 to 31 in September 2022 **[Table 5]**.
- Between 15 February 2021 and 30 September 2022, the total value of Scottish Child Payments issued was around £111.7 million, with £53.1 million paid so far in the 2022/23 financial year **[Table 6]**.
- By the end of September 2022, Social Security Scotland had issued almost 1.7 million payments to 105,050 individual clients **[Table 6, Table 7]**.
- As of 30 September 2022, it is estimated that 106,000 children were actively in receipt of Scottish Child Payment **[Table 7]**.

¹ The median average is the middle value of an ordered dataset, or the point at which half of the values are higher and half of the values are lower.

Frequency of publications

The next publication, covering up to 31 December 2022, will be released in February 2023.

Under the Code of Practice for Official Statistics² we publish a timetable of statistical releases for the twelve months ahead³.

² The Code of Practice is found online at: <https://code.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/>

³ The forthcoming publication timetable is available at: <https://www.gov.scot/publications/official-statistics-forthcoming-publications/>

Introduction

Scottish Child Payment has been introduced for low-income families with children aged under six. It is intended to provide regular, additional financial support for families already in receipt of qualifying benefits to assist with the costs of caring for a child.

Social Security Scotland enabled clients to apply from 9 November 2020 in advance of the benefit being launched on 15 February 2021 to help manage the expected demand. Applicants began to receive a decision from 15 February onwards, with the first payments made to clients from the end of February 2021.

This publication provides information on applications and payments for Scottish Child Payment from 9 November to 30 September 2022. It includes figures for almost two years of applications, and around 20 months of payments. This publication also includes information on the number of children in receipt of Scottish Child Payment.

The [Background](#) section has further detail about the payment and its application process.

As this publication reports on applications to the end of September 2022, it spans the period when the Covid-19 pandemic was present in Scotland. Scottish Child Payment was extended to older children aged under 16 on the 14th November 2022, statistics relating to that change will be available in future statistical releases.

As part of the continuous improvement of our outputs, development is currently underway to include additional intervals for presenting processing times in Table 5. Alongside this we will be reviewing the value of including derived percentages of applications processed within different timescales. The intention is to implement these changes in advance of the release in January 2023. If you have any comments or suggestions that you would like to provide us around these changes or other developments, please email MI@socialsecurity.gov.scot.

All tables and charts referred to within this publication can be found at <https://www.gov.scot/collections/social-security-scotland-stats-publications/>

These statistics are being published as experimental statistics. Experimental statistics are defined in the Code of Practice for Statistics as "*new official statistics undergoing evaluation. They are published in order to involve users and stakeholders in their development and as a means to build in quality at an early stage.*" The UK Statistics Authority has not yet assessed these statistics. They have not been designated as National Statistics⁴.

⁴ For more information on experimental statistics please see:

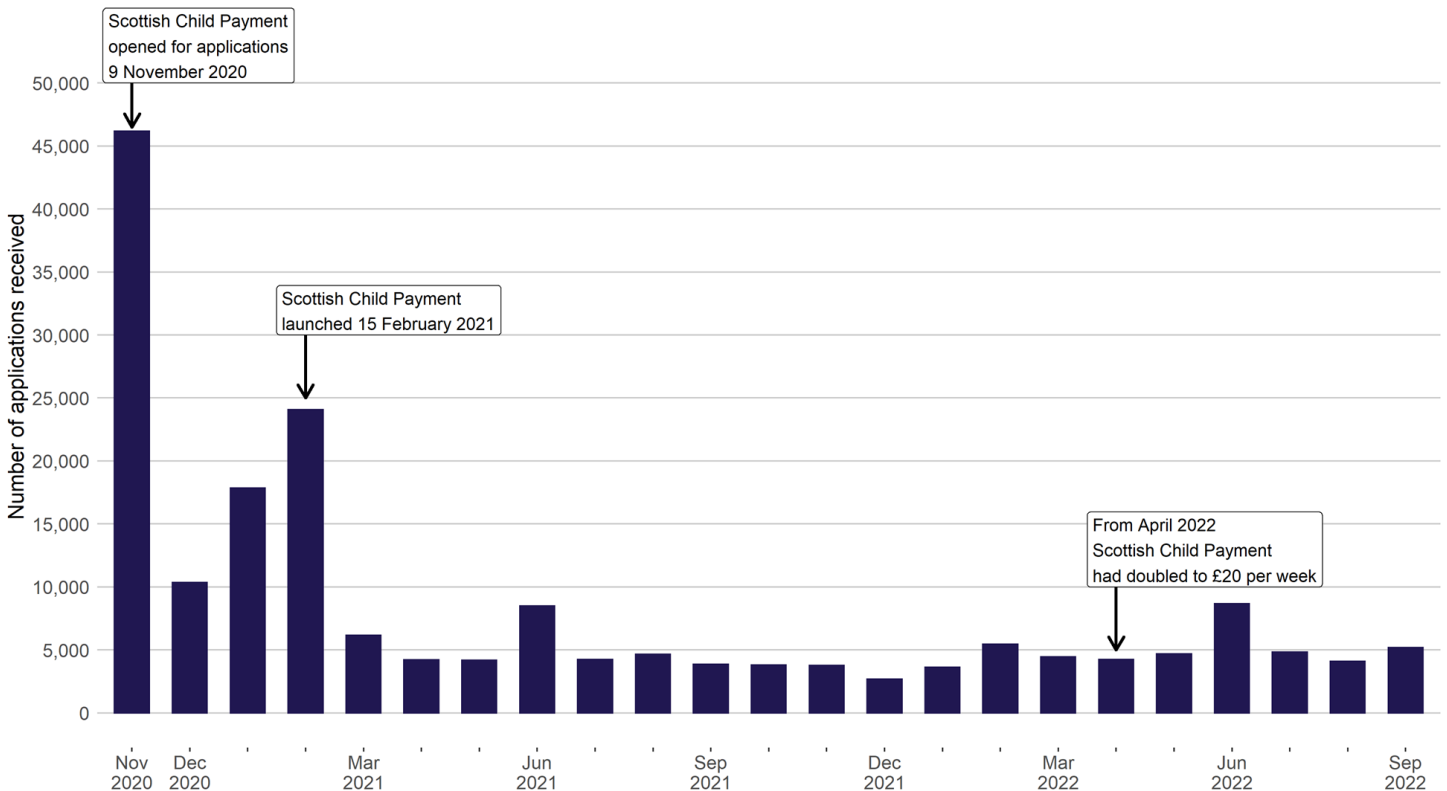
<https://uksa.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/about-the-authority/uk-statistical-system/types-of-official-statistics/>

Main findings

Applications by month

- Overall, 189,615 applications were received up until 30 September 2022, and 31,685 of these being received in the 2022/23 financial year. Within the latest quarter, 4,835 applications were received in July, 4,095 in August and 5,180 in September 2022 [Table 1, Chart 1].
- In total, 181,400 applications had been processed as of 30 September 2022, and 33,245 of which were processed within the 2022/23 financial year. Of the applications processed in the latest financial year, 78% were authorised, 20% were denied and the remaining 2% were withdrawn [Table 1].
- For more information on how applications were handled before the official launch of Scottish Child Payment, see the [Application authorisation and payment](#) section of the background notes.

Chart 1: Scottish Child Payment applications received by month



Application by channel (method of application)

- Around 92% of applications received by 30 September 2022 were made online and 6% were made through a telephone application. A small proportion of applications were made through paper application [Table 2].

Applications by age of applicant

- Around 96% of applications were made by people aged 18 to 44 by end of September 2022. Around 3% of applications were made by people aged 45 or over, and less than 1% were made by people under 18 [Table 3].

Applications by local authority area

- Applications were received from people living in all 32 local authority areas in Scotland. The highest number of applications were 30,985 from Glasgow City, 14,890 from North Lanarkshire, and 14,315 from Fife [Table 4].
- While the percentage of processed applications authorised was 84% overall, this varied between local authority area, ranging from the lowest at 80% in Na h-Eileanan Siar and Shetland Islands to the highest at 86% in East Ayrshire, Glasgow City, North Ayrshire, and South Ayrshire [Table 4].
- Of all applications received, less than 1% were made by people living at non-Scottish postcodes [Table 4].
- More information on deriving the local authorities for applications can be found in the [Geography](#) section.

Processing Times

- The median average⁵ processing times decreased from 36 working days in June 2022 to 31 in September 2022. By the end of September 2022, the median average processing time for all applications processed since November 2020 was 35 working days [Table 5].
- Processing times were calculated by determining the time between an application being received and a decision being made or the application being withdrawn. This includes the time spent waiting to receive evidence from clients, but does not include additional time to make payments.
- For more information on how processing times for any applications processed are calculated, see the [Processing time](#) section of the background notes.

⁵ The median average is the middle value of an ordered dataset, or the point at which half of the values are higher and half of the values are lower.

Payments

- Between 15 February when the benefit officially launched and 30 September 2022, the total value of Scottish Child Payments issued was £111.7 million, with around £53.1 million paid out in the 2022/23 financial year **[Table 6]**.
- By the end of September 2022, Social Security Scotland had issued almost 1.7 million payments to 105,050 individual clients **[Table 6, Table 7]**.
- As it is a recurring payment, over time there will be flows in both directions regarding the number of children in receipt of Scottish Child Payment i.e. children who are no longer eligible dropping off, and new children being added to the active caseload.
- As of 30 September 2022, it is estimated that 106,000 children were in receipt of Scottish Child Payment **[Table 7]**.
- Previous releases included a figure on the total number of children to have benefited from at least one payment. Following a review of the underlying data and methods used to calculate this statistic, a decision was taken to remove it from the publication tables. More information on this decision and how these figures are calculated can be found in the [Methodology and definitions](#) section of the background notes.
- Payments were issued to clients living in all 32 local authority areas in Scotland. The highest total value of payments was made to clients in Glasgow City at £18.2 million, followed by North Lanarkshire at £8.8 million and Fife at £8.6 million **[Table 8]**.

Re-determinations and appeals

- 780 re-determinations were requested by 30 September 2022. This represents around 0.4% of the total number of decisions made during this period **[Table 9]**.
- By 30 September 2022, 745 re-determination requests had been decided. Of these, 305 were allowed or partially allowed, 305 were disallowed, and 135 were withdrawn **[Table 9]**.
- The median average number of days to respond to a re-determination request was nine working days **[Table 9]**.
- In total, 20 appeals were received by 30 September 2022, and 15 appeals were completed by 30 September 2022. Of the appeals the tribunal have considered, in 10 cases the tribunal have agreed that the original Social Security Scotland decision be upheld **[Table 10]**.

Background to Scottish Child Payment

As a result of the Scotland Act 2016 a wide range of powers, including welfare powers, have now been transferred to the Scottish Government and Scottish Parliament.

Scottish Child Payment was introduced through secondary legislation, using the powers to top up a reserved benefit contained in section 79 of the Social Security Scotland Act 2018.

Social Security Scotland is the executive agency of Scottish Government responsible for delivering social security benefits for Scotland.

On 3 November 2020 the Cabinet Secretary for Social Security and Older People announced that Scottish Child Payment would open for applications from 9 November and the benefit would start from 15 February 2021.

Further details about the benefit can be found at <https://www.mygov.scot/scottish-child-payment/>.

Scottish Child Payment

Scottish Child Payment is a new benefit which has been introduced to tackle child poverty in Scotland. It is intended to help low-income families with the costs of raising a child.

Currently the payment is available to parents or carers with one or more children under the age of sixteen. There are no limits on the number of eligible children supported by Scottish Child Payment and since 14th April November 2022 eligible families receive £25 per child, per week. Between April 2022 and November 2022 the rate was £20 per child per week and before that April 2022 the rate was £10 per child, per week.

Scottish Child Payment is administered by Social Security Scotland through an application-based process, and is paid on a four-weekly basis.

Scottish Child Payment does not count as earned income in the calculation of any other UK or Scottish Government benefits that the applicant, or any person in their household, currently receive.

The payment can be used for any purpose by the recipient and for example could help with the cost of childcare, nappies, activities or other essentials.

Eligibility

A person may be eligible for Scottish Child Payment if all of the following apply:

- They live in Scotland
- They or their partner are getting certain benefits or payments
- They or their partner are the main person looking after a child who's under 16 years old.

The main person looking after the child (if any) might want to complete the application form, and use their bank details for payment.

The qualifying benefits are:

- Child Tax Credit
- Income Support
- Pension Credit
- Working Tax Credit
- Universal Credit
- Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance
- Income-related Employment and Support Allowance.

Application and decision making process

Applications can be made online, by phone, and by paper form ('application channel').

At the beginning of the application process, applicants are asked whether they would like to also apply for Best Start Grant and Best Start Foods at the same time as they apply for Scottish Child Payment. To keep things as simple as possible for the client, if they choose to also apply for Best Start Grant and Best Start foods they are required to complete only one application form. Applicants can also apply for Scottish Child Payment and Best Start Grant and Best Start Foods separately should they wish to do so.

From the 28th November, the Best Start Grant Early Learning Payment and School Age Payment will be paid automatically to eligible individuals in receipt of Scottish Child Payment, without the need to apply. Where an individual advises that they do not want to receive payment automatically, an automatic payment will not be made and the client can apply for the Payments manually.

In terms of processing and the subsequent reporting of Official Statistics, the joint application can be thought of as two separate applications; one for Scottish Child Payment and one for Best Start Grant and Best Start Foods. For this reason, only Scottish Child Payment applications are reported on in this publication. Official Statistics on Best Start Grant and Best Start Foods applications can be found at: <https://www.socialsecurity.gov.scot/publications>.

Social Security Scotland processes each application received and makes a decision whether to approve or deny the application. An application will be denied if the client is not eligible to receive Scottish Child Payment. An application will be authorised if the client is eligible and provides the appropriate

evidence to receive Scottish Child Payment. Applicants may also withdraw their application before a decision is made.

Applicants can choose to provide supporting evidence when making an application by post or through online document upload. If an applicant does not provide all the evidence required for an application, they will be contacted by a client advisor and asked to provide this. Once this evidence has been received, Social Security Scotland aims to make a decision as soon as possible with payments following soon thereafter.

To help manage the demand expected when Scottish Child Payment officially launched on 15 February 2021, Social Security Scotland enabled clients to apply in advance of the benefit being introduced, from 9 November 2020. Anyone applying for Scottish Child Payment in this application window was made aware that they would not receive a decision until after 15 February 2021, and that the first payments would be made to clients from the end of February 2021 onwards.

Social Security Scotland processed applications throughout the application window, where the outcomes were temporary and subject to change until a final eligibility check on 15 February when the benefit officially launched. During this time if a client advisor assessed an application as authorised – subject to this check – the month of decision recorded would reflect the month the client advisor initially processed the application.

Due to the design of Social Security Scotland's case management system, denials were not processed during the application window and were instead flagged and set aside to be processed after the final eligibility check. Client advisors began formally denying these applications after the official launch of the benefit and had completed this undertaking by the end of March 2021.

Re-determinations and appeals

Scottish Child Payment applicants can ask Social Security Scotland to look again at what they have decided if their application is denied, or if they think the amount they are going to be paid is wrong. This is known as a re-determination. A request for a re-determination should be made within 31 calendar days of being notified of the determination. This is extended to up to 1 year under extenuating circumstances. Social Security Scotland then has 16 working days to make the new determination. Scottish Child Payment applicants also have the right to appeal to a Tribunal if they do not agree with Social Security Scotland's re-determination, or if Social Security Scotland is not able to make a re-determination within 16 working days.

Social Security Scotland has a working agreement that allows it to offer an extension of 5 days to clients should they be waiting on documentation/evidence being sent in. This is to allow Social Security Scotland to process a client application rather than make a decision without any evidence.

Coronavirus (Scotland) Act 2020

On 1 April 2020, the Scottish Parliament approved emergency legislation to help businesses, public services and people through the Covid-19 pandemic.

Measures include helping to ensure that Social Security Scotland clients are not disadvantaged as a result of the coronavirus outbreak and are able to claim assistance to which they are entitled and which they may have missed out on if late applications were not allowed.

Changes, which came into force on 7 April 2020, include temporarily relaxing certain time limits. Where original time limits have not been met directly as a result of Covid-19, the measures temporarily relax time limits in relation to:

- making an application for assistance
- a request by a client for a re-determination
- a decision on a re-determination
- appealing to the First tier Tribunal.

Additionally, the Coronavirus (Scotland) 2020 Act provides Social Security Scotland extra time to complete a re-determination. Social Security Scotland will continue to make all re-determinations as quickly as is possible under the circumstances, as the Act requires Social Security Scotland to make the re-determination as soon as reasonably practicable within a new extended timescale of an additional 9 weeks on top of the current 16 working days. The temporary extension to the deadline for Social Security Scotland to process re-determinations expired for new re-determination requests on 30 September 2021.

About the data

How the data is collected

The data in this publication is sourced from Social Security Scotland's case management system. The system holds information on all applications received, decisions and payments. Data about the applicant, their partner, and their children is collected through the online application form or is entered by client advisors during telephone applications or processing of paper applications. Information about the application outcome and payments is created in the case management system as an application is processed.

The information is held across multiple tables within the system. 100% extracts of administrative data are taken from this system every day for internal reporting purposes. Data cuts combine information from the different tables in the system into one daily extract which includes details of all Scottish Child Payment applications made since 9 November 2020. An additional child extract containing

details about children listed in the application forms is also available for reporting purposes. A payments extract which contains information on the financial aspects of applications is used for calculations in this publication.

To take into account backdating and delays between applications being authorised and payments being made, a data cut from 1 November 2022 has been used to produce statistics on applications received and decisions made up to 11.59 pm on 30 September 2022. Later data cuts may include retrospective changes to application details, including corrections to details in the case management system, and changes that have resulted from re-determinations and appeals.

When a re-determination or appeal is requested, the data in this publication will show the decision date, outcome, payment date and payment value after a re-determination or appeal has been decided. Where a re-determination or appeal has been requested but not decided, decision date, outcome, payment date and payment value will be updated to reflect information about the re-determination or appeal, rather than the original application.

Until March 2022, re-determinations and appeals were reported based on management information manually collected by the Client Experience team at Social Security Scotland. From April 2022 onwards, the figures reported in Table 9 for re-determinations are based on data extracted from the case management system. This is part of an ongoing piece of work to improve the reporting of re-determinations and appeals across all benefits. As such the data source and resulting outputs are currently being reviewed and figures from April 2022 onwards may be subject to change. Information on appeals are currently still manually collected.

Within our statistical reporting, key dates are used to assign applications received, applications processed and payments issued to time periods. This is a different methodology to that used in financial reporting and, as a result, there may be differences in the values reported for a given time period.

Quality assurance

The data used to produce official statistics are the same as the data extracted from the case management system on a daily basis that is used for internal reporting within Social Security Scotland. As such, the data is checked daily for consistency with previous extracts (i.e. do applications, decisions and payments figures increase as expected over time, and are they in proportion to each other) and compared to other sources of information such as the number of payment instructions reported by the finance team.

Additional quality assurance and cleaning has been carried out on the variables used in the official statistics to:

- check for duplicate and missing application references

- check application dates, processing times and payment times are within the expected ranges
- check that payment date is present where a payment value is present
- check applicant dates of birth are within the expected range – see [Age of applicant](#) section
- check postcodes that do not match to local authorities – see [Geography](#) section
- remove of a small number of test applications which were used to test the case management system.

Once the data is aggregated and copied into the publication and supporting Excel tables, the final statistics are quality assured by a different member of the statistics team. The lead statistician checks the final documents.

Revisions

Each updated publication of Scottish Child Payment statistics can include revisions of numbers of applications received, processed, processing times and payment values going back to November 2020. This is because each time figures are published they will be based from a new 100% data cut from the case management system, which can include retrospective changes to data going back to November 2020 as described in the [How the data is collected](#) section. Months that are more recent tend to be subject to a greater degree of revision than more distant ones.

Compared to the previous publication, there has been a slight increase in number of applications received and processed since January 2022 which is reflected in Table 1 and Table 2 of the publication tables. Additionally, there are minor revisions across this time period relating to processing times, which can be seen in Table 5.

A new data source is now being used for Scottish Child Payment re-determinations and appeals as part of an ongoing piece of work to improve the reporting of re-determinations and appeals across all benefits. Therefore, this data source and resulting Table 9 and Table 10 are currently being reviewed, and figures from April 2022 onwards may subject to change.

Methodology and definitions

Number of clients who have received at least one Scottish Child Payment

The total number of clients to have benefitted from at least one Scottish Child Payment is calculated by summing up the number of unique individuals who have received at least one Scottish Child Payment since the benefit launched on 15 February 2021.

Number of children who have received at least one Scottish Child Payment

Following a review of the underlying data and methods used to calculate this statistic, a decision was taken to remove it from the publication tables from November 2021 onwards.

The total number children to have benefited from Scottish Child Payment is estimated by calculating the number of children attached to a paid application who were under the age of six at the time the application was received. This ensures that any child who received a payment before subsequently becoming ineligible (e.g. if the child turned six shortly after receiving a payment) is counted.

The process of estimating this figure involves merging the primary application data extract with a child extract containing details of all children listed in the application form. As part of ongoing efforts to continually monitor and improve the methodologies used, it became apparent that clients could add additional children to existing live cases without submitting a new application form by using an online Change of Circumstance portal, making it possible that children who are not captured in this statistic have received payment. No information on the number of such children is captured in the available data extracts which makes it difficult to estimate the scale of this underestimation.

The child extract is also known to contain a small number of duplicate records of children and so to avoid the risk of double counting any children and overestimating the number of children who have benefited from Scottish Child Payment, a decision was made to retain only one instance of any child record with the same application reference, adult National Insurance number and child date of birth. As a result, any potential instances of multiple birth e.g. twins or triplets, are counted as one child.

For transparency, the 'number of children to have benefit from at least one Scottish Child Payment' will continue to be published in the background notes, however it should be noted that this figure should be thought of as a minimum rather than a total and as such caution is advised when considering using it. According to the available data, the number of children to benefit from at least one Scottish Child Payment as of 30 September 2022 is (at least) 143,245.

Number of children in receipt of Scottish Child Payment (caseload)

By definition the two measures described above are cumulative figures, meaning they will continue to increase as new clients and children receive Scottish Child Payment for the first time but they do not provide any information about how many of those clients or children remain eligible to receive the benefit.

In order to more accurately reflect the active caseload for Scottish Child Payment, it is important to take into account the flows in both directions, i.e. include any new children who are receiving the benefit, and exclude children who are no longer eligible.

Clients can add additional children to an existing claim without needing to submit a new application form, by using the online Change of Circumstance portal. Furthermore, it is possible for new Scottish Child Payment applications to be approved which do not lead in an additional client payment if for example, the client is already in receipt of the benefit and has applied for Best Start Grant via the joint application form which allows clients to apply for both benefits at once. This means there are limitations to using only application levels to estimate the number of children in receipt of Scottish Child Payment.

The estimated caseload, or number of children receipt of Scottish Child Payment, reported in this publication is estimated by calculating the total value of payments made in the final 28-day interval of the current reporting period, and dividing by £80 – i.e. the value paid to cover a four-week period for one child. A 28-day period is chosen because payments are made to clients every four weeks from the day they receive their first Scottish Child Payment. This choice ensures that the total value of payments does not include more than one payment being made to any given client.

This measure provides users with a greater understanding of how many children are actively benefiting from Scottish Child Payment. There are however a few limitations with the chosen methodology:

- A true point-in-time measure of the number of children in receipt of Scottish Child Payment on the final day of the publication reporting period may differ to the derived figure presented in this publication. For example, it is possible that some of the children paid in the last 28 days are no longer eligible on the final day of the reporting period. Equally, it is possible that some children may have recently been approved for the benefit but had not yet received their first payment by the end of the reporting period.
- By dividing by £80, it is assumed that all children being paid are eligible for the entire cover period of their latest payment, however it is possible that a child was due to turn six within the payment cover period and was therefore paid less than the full £80.

For these reasons, the decision has been made to round the derived estimate of children in receipt of Scottish Child Payment to the nearest thousand.

Data Quality

Rounding and disclosure control

Application and outcome figures have been rounded to the nearest five for disclosure control. Data has been suppressed where it would disclose fewer than five applications or payments.

Incorrect application dates

Quality assurance checks highlighted that a small number of cases (50) had an application date prior to the benefit opening for applications on 9 November 2020. These cases were confirmed by operational colleagues to be genuine applications with an application date entered in error. For the purpose of this publication, these cases have been reported as having been received in the month of November 2020.

Missing and duplicate applications

The data comes from a 100% data cut of the case management system.

The data cut was checked for applications where the field relating to application date and the outcome and payment of the application was blank. These applications represent temporary 'prospect cases', which are created when clients contact Social Security Scotland without a National Insurance number, and are later replaced once a National Insurance number is received from the applicant. Any such applications are therefore duplicates and are excluded from the statistics.

Unverified information from application form

Information about the client and their children is taken from the application form completed by the client or by a client advisor over the telephone. This information may contain errors because it has not been verified by comparison to other sources of information such as records held by the Department for Work and Pensions. This means for example that it is possible to have authorised applications where the original application form did not include details of any eligible children, because the date of birth of any children was originally incorrect but was later amended as the application was processed.

Application authorisation and payment

To manage the anticipated demand, Scottish Child Payment opened for applications from 9 November 2020, ahead of its official launch on 15 February 2021. Anyone applying for Scottish Child Payment in this application window was made aware that they would not receive a decision until after 15 February 2021, and that the first payments would be made to clients from the end of February 2021 onwards.

Throughout the application window, client advisors began processing applications subject to an eligibility check on 15 February. The outcomes of all applications processed during this time were temporary and subject to change until the benefit officially launched and a final check was carried out to establish the entitlement for each case.

If a client advisor assessed an application and processed it as approved – subject to an automatic eligibility check on 15 February – then the month of decision would reflect the month the client advisor originally processed the

application. This is why there are applications attributed to the months before the official launch of the benefit throughout this publication.

If a client advisor assessed an application as a denial – subject to the final check on 15 February – then the application was flagged but not processed. Due to the design of Social Security Scotland’s case management system, these applications had to be formally denied on or after the 15 February to avoid denial letters being issued to clients before the final eligibility check had taken place. This is why there are no processed denials in the months before the official launch of the benefit.

For all applications, the date that applications were processed by client advisors is the date used to produce statistics of processed applications by month. After applications are authorised for payment by client advisors, a manager approves the decision, and then a payment is issued. In some cases, payments will be issued on the same day that payments are authorised by client advisors, however in other cases there can be a delay before payments are issued. Clients should receive money in their nominated account within four working days after payment is issued.

In this publication, we report on the value of payments that have been issued by the end of each month and not the payments successfully received by the applicants.

Application channel

Application channel is automatically entered into the case management system for online applications, and manually entered for applications taken by phone or paper. If ever an application channel has been manually entered incorrectly, the application channel will be classed as ‘unknown’.

Age of applicant

In a small number of cases, the birth date of the child or the application date has been entered in the parent date of birth field in the case management system. In these cases, the date of birth of the parent has been changed to ‘unknown’. Further dates of birth of the parent showed very young ages. For these applicants, we have assumed that the dates contained typographical errors and have classed age as ‘unknown’, although we cannot be certain that their date of birth contained an error.

Geography

Applications are assigned to local authority by postcode using a Scottish Government lookup file. For some applications, the postcode will not match to the lookup file. This can be because the postcode is not in a Scottish local authority, or because the postcode has been introduced too recently to appear on the lookup file, for example if a property is in a new development. For

postcodes that could not be matched to a Scottish local authority, the postcode area was used to check whether the postcode was in Scotland or elsewhere. Non-matching postcodes from Scottish border postcode areas (postcodes starting 'DG' and 'TD') were also checked individually and assigned to Scottish local authorities as 'non-Scottish postcodes' manually.

Postcodes are linked to client profiles and data extracts are automatically updated in the case of a client changing address. As a result, postcodes reflect the latest address of clients and may not be the same as the address at the time of application. Therefore a small number of addresses may not reflect the correct local authority at the time of application, decision or payment.

A small number of applications did not include address information and therefore could not be matched to a local authority or country.

Effect of re-determinations

Application decision dates, outcomes and payment amounts are updated to reflect information about re-determinations and appeals as described in the [How the data is collected](#) section. Information in tables about decisions, outcomes and payments should therefore be viewed as the final decision, outcome and payment value, after a re-determination request or appeal has been received and/or decided. This excludes the processing times table, where applications with re-determinations and appeals have been removed from the processing times calculations.

Processing time

Social Security Scotland enabled clients to apply in advance of Scottish Child Payment being launched on 15 February 2021 to help manage the expected demand and allow more time to process applications. Anyone applying during the application window was made aware that they would not receive a decision until after 15 February 2021, and that the first payments would be made to clients from the end of February 2021 onwards.

Processing time is the number of days from the application being received to a decision being made or the application being withdrawn. It includes time spent waiting to receive evidence from clients through online upload or by post, but does not include additional time to make payments. It is calculated in working days. Weekends and public holidays are excluded from calculations, even if applications were processed by staff working overtime on these days. The time of day that an application was received or processed is not taken into account.

Processing times for any Scottish Child Payment applications processed during the application window are calculated between the application date and the date the client advisor processed the application – meaning they do not include the final automatic eligibility check that was undertaken when the benefit officially launched on 15 February 2021.

Processing times data does not include any applications that are flagged as having had a re-determination request because the decision date for these applications will represent the re-determination decision date, which can be some time after the original decision date. The number of applications in the processing times table is therefore lower than the number of applications shown as processed or decided in other tables.

Re-determinations are a small proportion of the total applications processed, and the average processing times for applications that go on to re-determination or appeal compared to other applications should not differ from all other applications. Therefore, removal of these should not affect the average processing times shown in the table.

Processing time is only calculated for applications that were decided within the period being reported on. Data is presented by the month of decision rather than month the application was received.

Future Developments

We will be seeking users' views on the content of this publication to ensure it best meets their requirements. If you have any comments or suggestions that you would like to provide us please email MI@socialsecurity.gov.scot.

Related Social Security Scotland Publications

Future research and statistics publications will be available through the Social Security Scotland 'publications' webpage at: <https://www.socialsecurity.gov.scot/publications>.

Statistics on Best Start Grant and Best Start Foods are published by Social Security Scotland at: <https://www.gov.scot/collections/social-security-scotland-stats-publications/#beststartgrantandbeststartfoodsstatistics>.

Statistics on Scottish Child Payment feedback (complaints, compliments and suggestions) are due to be published in the next release of the Social Security Scotland feedback statistics published at: <https://www.gov.scot/collections/social-security-scotland-stats-publications/#socialsecurityscotlandfeedbackstatistics>.

Information on client diversity and equality of application outcomes for clients applying to Social Security Scotland is published at: <https://www.gov.scot/collections/social-security-scotland-stats-publications/#clientdiversityandequalitiesanalysis>.

An Official Statistics publication for Scotland

Official and National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. Both undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs and are produced free from any political interference.

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Low Income Benefit Statistics

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Office of the Chief Statistician, Telephone: 0131 244 0442,

E-mail: statistics.enquiries@scotland.gsi.gov.uk

How to access background or source data

The data collected for this statistical bulletin:

are available in more detail through statistics.gov.scot

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