

Statistics Publication Notice

Economy (Local Government Finance)

An Official Statistics Publication for Scotland

Council Tax Reduction: Caseload and Expenditure, Scotland,

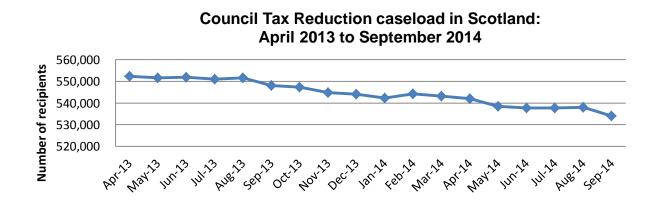
July - September 2014

9th January 2015

This publication provides statistics on the Council Tax Reduction scheme, which reduces the Council Tax liability of vulnerable people in Scotland. The statistics are based on data extracts and statistical returns from local authorities, and cover the time period from July to September 2014.

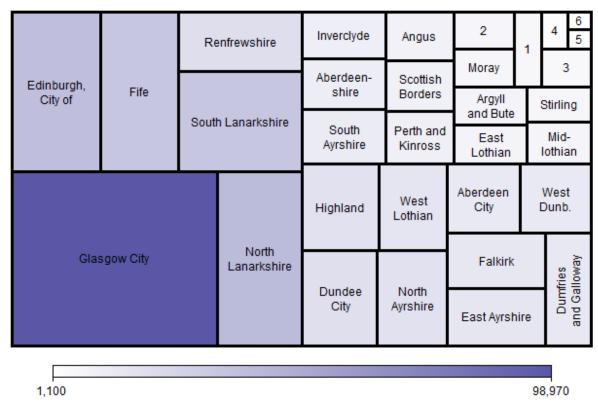
Key points

- There were 533,980 Council Tax Reduction recipients in Scotland in September 2014.
- Total weekly expenditure on Council Tax Reduction in September 2014 was £6.8 million.
- The Council Tax Reduction caseload in Scotland gradually decreased by 3.3 per cent (18,400) between the beginning of Scotland's CTR scheme in April 2013, and September 2014.



Local authority breakdowns for all months from April 2013 to Sept 2014 are available at: <u>http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Local-Government-Finance/CTR</u>

Figure 1: Treemap of Council Tax Reduction caseload by Local Authority: September 2014



See Table 1 for figures used to produce this.

- 1 = Clackmannanshire
- 2 = East Dunbartonshire
- 3 = East Renfrewshire
- 4 = Eilean Siar
- 5 = Orkney Islands
- 6 = Shetland Islands

Figure 1 illustrates the number of Council Tax Reduction recipients for each local authority in Scotland in September 2014. The five local authorities with the highest CTR caseload accounted for almost half (46 per cent) of the total caseload for Scotland. Glasgow City accounted for the highest proportion of Scotland's CTR caseload, at 19 per cent (98,970). North Lanarkshire accounted for 8 per cent (40,910) of the total CTR caseload, Edinburgh City 7 per cent (39,070), and Fife and South Lanarkshire each accounted for 6 per cent of total CTR caseload (34,270 and 33,990 respectively).

to September 2014 ",-,"				
	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	
SCOTLAND	537,780	538,040	533,980	
Aberdeen City	14,050	14,000	13,830	
Aberdeenshire	11,780	11,750	11,640	
Angus	9,330	9,330	9,280	
Argyll and Bute	7,760	7,760	7,700	
Clackmannanshire	5,760	5,780	5,710	
Dumfries and Galloway	14,360	14,410	14,330	
Dundee City	19,930	19,890	19,730	
East Ayrshire	15,500	15,510	15,450	
East Dunbartonshire	6,140	6,130	6,110	
East Lothian	8,000	7,970	7,960	
East Renfrewshire	5,210	5,220	5,160	
Edinburgh, City of	39,220	39,530	39,070	
Eilean Siar	2,670	2,670	2,660	
Falkirk	14,910	14,930	14,900	
Fife	34,420	34,430	34,270	
Glasgow City	99,390	99,520	98,970	
Highland	18,550	18,510	18,230	
Inverclyde	10,770	10,810	10,740	
Midlothian	7,420	7,400	7,380	
Moray	6,340	6,310	6,220	
North Ayrshire	18,560	18,590	18,450	
North Lanarkshire	41,160	41,120	40,910	
Orkney Islands	1,290	1,320	1,290	
Perth and Kinross	10,140	10,050	9,960	
Renfrewshire	20,450	20,550	20,350	
Scottish Borders	9,730	9,700	9,550	
Shetland Islands	1,120	1,120	1,100	
South Ayrshire	12,500	12,560	12,440	
South Lanarkshire	34,260	34,120	33,990	
Stirling	6,460	6,410	6,350	
West Dunbartonshire	14,040	14,020	13,780	
West Lothian	16,590	16,620	16,470	

Table 1: Council Tax Reduction recipients by Local Authority: July 2014 to September 2014 ^{1,2,3}

A Council Tax Reduction recipient can be a single person or a couple, with or without children. They all count as one recipient. This is because Council Tax is charged to dwellings, not individuals.

> Council Tax Reduction recipients

Notes:

1. Recipients are as at monthly count date. See Methodology notes section 2 for more details: <u>http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Local-Government-</u> Finance/Methodology/Ctaxreductionmethod

2. CTR reduces the council tax liability on chargeable dwellings, where the inhabitants apply for CTR and meet the criteria. The CTR caseload statistics count a "recipient" as the number of dwellings that benefited from a Council Tax Reduction. This means that a recipient can be a single person or a couple, with or without children.

3. Figures are rounded to the nearest 10. Components may not sum to total due to rounding.

Table 2: Council Tax Reduction weekly expenditure estimate (£000's) by Local Authority: July 2014 to September 2014 ^{1,2,3}

	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14
SCOTLAND	6,860.7	6,860.6	6,814.2
Aberdeen City	184.4	183.6	181.2
Aberdeenshire	144.7	144.5	143.5
Angus	103.9	103.9	103.1
Argyll and Bute	109.0	109.1	108.5
Clackmannanshire	70.3	70.3	69.7
Dumfries and Galloway	169.6	170.1	169.3
Dundee City	247.5	247.0	245.4
East Ayrshire	189.3	189.2	188.7
East Dunbartonshire	90.6	90.4	90.1
East Lothian	105.9	105.3	105.2
East Renfrewshire	75.0	75.1	74.4
Edinburgh, City of	530.7	534.2	529.0
Eilean Siar	29.6	29.7	29.6
Falkirk	164.5	164.3	164.1
Fife	410.3	410.4	408.3
Glasgow City	1,376.8	1,377.1	1,370.8
Highland	241.0	240.3	237.2
Inverclyde	133.7	133.7	132.5
Midlothian	103.4	103.4	103.3
Moray	75.0	74.8	73.6
North Ayrshire	227.7	228.1	226.6
North Lanarkshire	486.7	486.5	484.6
Orkney Islands	14.6	14.9	14.6
Perth and Kinross	133.0	132.1	130.9
Renfrewshire	263.7	264.5	261.8
Scottish Borders	110.8	110.5	109.3
Shetland Islands	12.6	12.6	12.4
South Ayrshire	169.2	169.8	167.9
South Lanarkshire	413.7	412.3	410.9
Stirling	87.2	86.7	85.9
West Dunbartonshire	188.6	188.1	184.8
West Lothian	197.9	198.2	196.9

Notes:

2. Figures are rounded to the nearest £100. Components may not sum to total due to rounding.

3. Weekly expenditure estimate was based on 'caseload multiplied by average weekly award' for each local authority and benefit type for the given month.

^{1.} Recipients are as at monthly count date. See Methodology notes section 2 for more details: <u>http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Local-Government-Finance/Methodology/Ctaxreductionmethod</u>

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