CONSULTATION QUESTIONS

Age restriction for e-cigarettes

1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e-liquids) be set at 18?
Yes X No
2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:
a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicotine or are capable of containing nicotine, or
b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain or are capable of containing nicotine?
a □ b X
3. Whom should the offence apply to:
a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both a b c X
4. Should sales of e-cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from self-service vending machines be banned?
Yes X No □
5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories?
Yes X No

6. If you answered "yes" to question 5, which products should have restrictions applied to them?
All paraphernalia & accoutrements associated directly with the ecigarette devices.
Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes
7. Should the Scottish Government introduce legislation to make it an offence to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?
Yes X No
Domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes
8. Should young people and adult non-smokers be protected from any form of advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?
Yes X No □
9. In addition to the regulations that will be introduced by the Tobacco Products Directive do you believe that the Scottish Government should take further steps to regulate domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?
Yes X No
10. If you believe that regulations are required, what types of domestic advertising and promotion should be regulated?
a. Bill boards
b. Leafleting b X
c. Brand-stretching (the process of using an existing c X brand name for new products or services that may not seem related)
d. Free distribution (marketing a product by giving it away free) d X
e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product by selling at a low price) e X f. Point of sale advertising (advertising for products and services
at the places where they were bought) f X
g. Events sponsorship with a domestic setting g X
11. If you believe that domestic advertising and promotion should be regulated, what, if any, exemptions should apply?
No advertising for ecigarette or tobacco should be allowed.

12. Are you aware of any information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regulating domestic adverting in relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and non-smokers)?
The medical evidence regarding harm of tobacco smoking is well established. Children should not be introduced to smoking – including adults should not smoke around children. I believe connected to this that it would be a backwards step for Children to then be seeing adults smoking ecigarettes as it familiarises with the concept of smoking and thereby increases the chances of Children wishing to try smoking of one kind or another.
13. Are you aware of any information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regulating domestic adverting in relation to impacts on business, including retailers, distributers and manufacturers?
This should not be a consideration, if business is affected, too bad. Commerce should be prioritised above health.
Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Register
14. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes and refills should be required to register on the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?
Yes X No □
15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those already in place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?
Yes X No □
16. If you answered 'no', to question 15, what offences and penalties should be applied?
Comments
E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces
17. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action on the use of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?

Yes X No \square

18. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the Scottish
Government should take and what are your reasons for this?

I have experienced people smoking ecigarettes in bus shelters and on the top deck of a bus. Asked both to stop, one refused and was quite cheeky, the other did stop though then felt fine aggressively attacking me. These people did not appear to understand the matter of considering others comfort. If ecigarettes were formally a blanket part of the ban and for this to widely be known, then it would be far easier to prevent people doing this or tackle them if they are showing a lack of consideration.

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19. If you answered, 'no' to Question 17, please give reasons for your answer.
Comments
20. Are you aware of any evidence, relevant to the used of e-cigarettes in enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider?
Comments
Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18
21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a vehicle carrying someone under the age of 18?
Yes X No
22. Do you agree that the offence should only apply to adults aged 18 and over?
Yes ☐ No X
23. If you answered 'no' to Question 22, to whom should the offence apply?
Anyone smoking cigarettes or ecigarettes.
24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this measure?
Yes X No
25. If you answered 'no' to Question 24, who should be responsible for enforcing this measure?

Comments
26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles which are also people's homes?
Yes X No
27. If you think there are other categories of vehicle which should be exempted, please specify these?
Comments
28. If you believe that a defence should be permitted, what would a reasonable defence be?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds
29. Should national legislation be introduced to make it an offence to smoke o allow smoking on NHS grounds?
Yes X No
30. If you support national legislation to make it an offence to smoke on NHS grounds, where should this apply?
a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offices, dentists, GP practices) b. Only hospital grounds c. Only within a designated perimeter around NHS buildings d Other suggestions, including reasons, in the box below
Comments
31. If you support national legislation, what exemptions, if any, should appl (for example, grounds of mental health facilities and / or facilities where there are long-stay patients)?
Places where people are heald without liberty should be exempt.
32. If you support national legislation, who should enforce it?
Police Scotland

33. If you support national legislation, what should the penalty be for nor compliance?
A fine.
34. If you do not support national legislation, what non-legislative measure could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance with, the existin smoke-free grounds policies?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas 35. Do you think more action needs to be taken to make children's outdoor areas tobacco free?
Yes X No
36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 35, what action do you think is required:
a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of
smoke-free areas a X b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across
Scotland b X
c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow
decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free $$ c X d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below
Comments
37. If you think action is required to make children's outdoor areas tobacco-free, what outdoor areas should that apply to?
Any environment where it would be reasonable for a child to be present.

Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' for the sale of tobacco and electronic cigarettes

38. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, refills and tobacco should be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they believe to be under the age of 25?
Yes X No
39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same as those which are already in place for selling tobacco to someone under the age of 18?
Yes X No
Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco and electronic cigarettes
40. Do you agree that young people under the age of 18 should be prohibited from selling tobacco and non-medicinal e-cigarettes and refills unless authorised by an adult?
Yes X No
41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year old to make the sale, for
example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another adult working in the store?
example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another
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example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another adult working in the store? No authorising.
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example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another adult working in the store? No authorising. 42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard to: a. the penalty b. the enforcement arrangements b

44. If the proposed measures are likely to have a substantial negative implication for equality, how might this be minimised or avoided?

Comments	
45. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to equality considerations?	
Comments	
Business and Regulatory Impacts Considerations	
46. What is your assessment of the likely financial implications, or other impacts (if any), of the introduction of each of these proposals on you or you organisation?	ir
Comments	
47. What (if any) other significant financial implications are likely to arise? Comments	
48. What lead-in time should be allowed prior to implementation of these measures and how should the public be informed?	
Comments	
49. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to business and regulatory impacts?	
Comments	
As a party to the World Health Organization's Framework Convention on Tobac Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation to protect the development of publication, we ask all respondents to disclose whether they have any direct indirect links to, or receive funding from, the tobacco industry. We will still careful consider all consultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those we	

Comments