CONSULTATION QUESTIONS	
Age restriction for e-cigarettes	
1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e set at 18?	-liquids) be
Yes ⊠ No □	
2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:	
a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicoting capable of containing nicotine, or	ne or are
b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain capable of containing nicotine?	or are
a □ b ⊠	
3. Whom should the offence apply to:	
a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both	a ☐ b ☐ c ☑
4. Should sales of e -cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from vending machines be banned?	self-service
Yes ⊠ No □	
5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories	?

Yes ⊠ No □	
6. If you answered "yes" to quest ion 5, which products shoul crestrictions applied to them?	d have
Comments If we are serious about a reduction in smoking in young people, any accessories associated with e-cigaretter ie refills, vapourisers should have the same restriction and limitations as above.	
Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes	
7. Should the Scottish Government introdu ce legislation to make it an o to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?	ffence
Yes ⊠ No □	
Domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes	
8. Should young people and adult non-s mokers be protected from any advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?	form of
Yes ⊠ No □	
9. In addition to the regulations that will be introduced by the Tol Products Directive do you be lieve that the Scottish Government should further steps to regulate domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigare	ld take
Yes ⊠ No □	
10. If you believe that regulations are required, what types of do advertising and promotion should be regulated?	mestic
a. Bill boardsb. Leafletingc. Brand-stretching (the process of using an existing	a ⊠ b ⊠ c ⊠
brand name for new products or services that may not seem related) d. Free distribution (marketing a product by giving it away free) e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product by selling at a low price)	d ⊠ e ⊠
f. Point of sale advertising (advertising for products and services at the places where they were bought) g. Events sponsorship with a domestic setting	f ⊠ g ⊠
	-

11. If you believe that domestic advertising and promotion should be regulated, what, if any, exemptions should apply?

CommentsWe believe that any form of advertising in relation to normalising smoking is not helpful in reduc ing the impact and harm across all smoker groups. However, the consultation docum ent provides an 'option 3' which allows for the use of domestic advertising and promotion by exception. We are conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions are determined to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions could be required in to the future should eight error conscious that such exceptions are determined to except error conscious that such exceptions are determined to except error conscious that such exceptions are determined to except error conscious that such exceptions are determined to except error conscious that such exceptions are determined to except error conscious that except error conscio

Thought needs to be given to ensure future strategy/policy regarding e cigarettes and their potential role in supporting the smoke cessation agenda is not inhibited by domestic regulations.

12. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the So Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverti relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and n smokers)?	ing in
Comments]
13. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the So Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverti- relation to impacts on business, in cluding retailers, distributers a manufacturers?	ing in
Comments	
Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Regis	<u>ter</u>
14. Do you agree that retailers selli ng e-cigarettes and refills s hour required to register on the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?	uld be
Yes ⊠ No □	
15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those alrein place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?	ady
Yes ⊠ No □	
16. If you answered 'no', to question 15, what offences and penalties sho applied?	uld be
Comments	1

E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces
17. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action on the use of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?
Yes ⊠ No □
18. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the Scottish Government should take and what are your reasons for this?
CommentsNo difference should be made between the use of e cigarettes and cigarettes, the fumes from both can cause offence, and again would make an unreasonable assumption that e-cigarettes are acceptable.
19. If you answered, 'no' to Question 17, please give reasons for your answer.
Comments
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigarettes in enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider?
Comments
Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18
21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a vehicle carrying someone under the age of 18?
Yes ⊠ No □
22. Do y ou agree that the offence sho uld only apply to ad ults aged 18 and over?

23. If you answered 'no' to Question 22, to whom should the offence apply?

CommentsAnyone who is smoking in a confined space with someone under 18 present (although if earlier regulations are enforced) this should in theory be minimised.

24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this measure?

Yes ☐ No ☒

Yes ⊠ No □
25. If you ans wered 'no' to Question 24, who should be responsible for enforcing this measure?
Comments
26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles which are also people's homes?
Yes □ No ⊠
27. If y ou think there are other cat egories of vehicle w hich s hould be exempted, please specify these?
Comments
28. If you believe that a defence should be permitted, what would a reasonable defence be?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds
29. Should national legislation be introduced to make it an offence to smoke or allow smoking on NHS grounds?
Yes ⊠ No □
30. If you support national legislation to make it an offence to smoke on NHS grounds, where should this apply?
 a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offices, dentists, GP practices) b. Only hospital grounds c. Only within a designated perimeter around NHS buildings c □
d Other suggestions, including reasons, in the box below
Comments
31. If y ou support national legislation, what exemptions, if a ny, should apply (for example, grounds of men tal health facilities and / or facilities w here there are long-stay patients)?
Comments

32. If you support national legislation, who should enforce it?
CommentsScottish Government
33. If y ou support national legislation, what should the penalt y be for non-compliance?
CommentsA fine
34. If y ou do not support national legislation, what non-legislative me asures could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance with, the existing smoke-free grounds policies?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas 35. Do y ou think more action needs to be taken to make children's outdoor areas tobacco free? Yes ⊠ No □
36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 25, what action do you think is required:
a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of smoke-free areas b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across Scotland c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free c d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below
Comments
37. If you think action is required to make children's outdoor areas tobacco-free, what outdoor areas should that apply to?

CommentsParks, Childrens Outdoor Activity Centres (eg Visitor Attractions)

Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' fo r the sale of tobacco and electronic cigarettes
38. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, refills and tobacco should be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they believe to be under the age of 25?
Yes ⊠ No □
39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same as those which are already in place for selling tobacco to someone under the age of 18?
Yes ⊠ No □
<u>Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco and electronic cigarettes</u>
40. Do you agree that young people under the age of 18 should be prohibited from selling tobacco and non-medicina le-cig arettes and refills unless authorised by an adult?
Yes ⊠ No □
41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year old to make the sale, for example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another adult working in the store?
Comments Yes as above
42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard to:
a. the penalty b. the enforcement arrangements a □ b □ b □
Equality Considerations
43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes raise for people with protected characteristics (age; disability; gender reassignment; race; religion or belief; sex; pregnancy and maternity; and sexual orientation)?
CommentsConsistency across all groups with no discrimination

Comments	
_	any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the pard to equality considerations?
Comments	
Business and R	egulatory Impacts Considerations
	assessment of the likely financial implications, or other of the introduction of each of these proposals on you or
Comments	
17. What (if any)	other significant financial implications are likely to arise
CommentsRedu	other significant financial implications are likely to arise ce impact on health and social care system, healthier g longer healthier lives, reduction in financial burden for
CommentsReduindividuals, living individuals 48. What lead-in	ce impact on health and social care system, healthier
CommentsReduindividuals, living individuals 48. What lead-in measures and h	ce impact on health and social care system, healthier glonger healthier lives, reduction in financial burden for time should be allowed prior to implementation of these

As a party to the World Health Organiza tion's Framework Conv ention on Tobacc o Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation to protect the development of public health policy from the vested interests of obligation, we ask all respondents to disclose whether they have any direct or indirect links to, or receive funding from, the tobacco in dustry. We will still c arefully consider all consultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those with

links to the tobacco industry and inc consultation responses.

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Comments