CONSULTATION QUESTIONS	
Age restriction for e-cigarettes	
1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e-liquids set at 18?	s) be
Yes ⊠ No □	
2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:	
a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicotine or ar capable of containing nicotine, or	·e
b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain or are capable of containing nicotine?	
a □ b ⊠	
3. Whom should the offence apply to:	
a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both	a 🔀 b 🗀 c 🗀
4. Should sales of e -cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from self-se vending machines be banned?	rvice
Yes ⊠ No □	

5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories?

Yes ☐ No ⊠

6. If you answered "yes" to quest io restrictions applied to them?	n 5, w	hich products shoul	d have
Comments			
Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes			
7. Should the Scottish Government introd to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?	lu ce le	gislation to ma ke it ar	ı offence
Yes ⊠ No □			
Domestic advertising and promotion of e-	-cigare	<u>ttes</u>	
8. Should young people and adult non-s radvertising and promotion of e-cigarettes		be protected from any	/ form of
Yes ☐ No ⊠			
9. In addition to the regulations that Products Directive do y ou believe that the further steps to regulate domestic advertion	he Scot	tish Govern ment sho	uld take
Yes □ No ⊠			
10. If you believe that regulations are advertising and promotion should be regu	•	•	o mestic
a. Bill boards			a
b. Leafletingc. Brand-stretching (the process of using		_	c _
brand name for new products or services d. Free distribution (marketing a product		•	d□
e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product b	y sellir	ng at a low price)	e
f. Point of sale advertising (advertising fo at the places where they were bought)	-	icis and services	f
g. Events sponsorship with a domestic se	etting		g∟
11. If y ou believe that domestic adv regulated, what, if any, exemptions should		g and prom otion sho /?	ould be
Comments			

12. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting in relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and non-smokers)?

Action on Smoking and Health reported in June 2014 that they estimate a third of electronic cigarette users are former smokers, and that smokers are using electronic cigarettes as a means of reducing or stopping smoking.

Action on Smoking and Health report that their findings show that electronic cigarette use amongst children and young people is rare and confined almost exclusively to those who do or who have smoked:

http://www.ash.org.uk/files/documents/ASH_715.pdf

Conversely, opinion may also be info rmed by the more mature electronic cigarette market in USA; a recent report in the Journal of the American Medical Association quoted research stating that the number of high school students who had tried e cigarettes had tripled:

http://jama.jamanetwork.com/article.aspx?articleid=1911300

http://www.cdc.gov/media/releases/2014/p0825-e-cigarettes.html

13. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting in relation to impacts on business, in cluding retailers, distributers and manufacturers?

In North Lanarkshire, we have had 4 new businesses, selling only electronic cigarettes and their accessories, open up in the last 6 months. We therefore expect the electronic cigare the market to continue to increase rapidly in the near future.

The MHRA is encouraging companies, including those that manufacture electronic cigarettes, to submit medicines licence applications: http://www.mhra.gov.uk/home/groups/comms-ic/documents/websiteresources/con454361.pdf

Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Register

14. Do you agree that retailers selli required to register on the Scottish T	ng e-cigarettes and refills s obacco Retailers Register?	hould be
Yes ☐ No ⊠		

15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those already in place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?

Yes □ No ⊠
16. If you answered 'no', to question 15, what offences and penalties should be applied?
Only electronic cigarettes and refills containing tobacco should be included in the tobacco register. Separate rules regarding the products will come into effect with the enactment of Directive 2014/40/EU from 20 May 2016.
E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces
17. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action on the use of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?
Yes ⊠ No □
18. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the Scottish Government should take and what are your reasons for this?
Nicotine is a highly addictive drug, and if electronic cigarettes continue to be used in enclosed public spaces without restriction, there is a risk of normalising the practice of nicotine consumption through these means. Fixed penalty notices may be considered for breach of any enacted ban.
19. If you answered, 'no' to Question 17, please give reasons for your answer.
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigarettes in enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider?
Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18
21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a vehicle carrying someone under the age of 18?
Yes ⊠ No □
22. Do y ou agree that the offence sho uld only apply to ad ults aged 18 and over?
Yes ⊠ No □

Comments
24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this measure?
Yes ⊠ No □
25. If you ans wered 'no' to Question 24, who should be responsible for enforcing this measure?
Comments
26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles which are als people's homes?
Yes ⊠ No □
27. If y ou think there are other cat egories of vehicle w hich s hould be exempted, please specify these?
Comments
28. If you believe that a defence should be permitted, what would a reasonabl defence be? That the smoker did not know, and could not have reasonably established,
that the passenger in the vehicle was under the age of 18 years.
Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds
29. Should national legislation be introduced to make it an offence to smoke o allow smoking on NHS grounds?
Yes ⊠ No □
30. If you support national legislation to make it an offence to smoke on NHS grounds, where should this apply?
a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offices, dentists, GP practices) a b. Only hospital grounds b
c. Only within a designated perimeter around NHS buildings c \(\) d Other suggestions, including reasons, in the box below
Comments

31. If y ou support national legislation, what exemptions, if a ny, should apply (for example, grounds of men tal health facilities and / or facilities w here there are long-stay patients)?
Mental health facilities and prisons.
32. If you support national legislation, who should enforce it?
Police Scotland
33. If y ou support national legislation, what should the penalt y be for non-compliance?
Fixed penalty scheme equivalent to level 4 on the standard scale.
34. If y ou do not support national legislation, what non-legislative me asures could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance with, the existing smoke-free grounds policies?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas 35. Do y ou think more action needs to be taken to make children's outdoor areas tobacco free? Yes No
36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 25, what action do you think is required:
a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of smoke-free areas b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across Scotland c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below Comments

free, what outdoor areas should that apply to?	CO-
Parks, playgrounds and sports facilities.	
Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' fo r the sale of tobacco and electrocigarettes	onic
38. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, refills and tobacco sl be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they believe to be und age of 25?	
Yes ⊠ No □	
39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same as those which ar already in place for selling tobacco to someone under the age of 18?	·e
Yes ⊠ No □	
Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco and electronic ciga	<u>rettes</u>
40. Do you agree that young people under the age of 18 should be proferom selling tobacco and non-medicina le-cig arettes and refills unauthorised by an adult?	nibited nless
Yes ⊠ No □	
41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year old to make the sa example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or anotadult working in the store?	•
The person in store who has management responsibility on behalf of the legal entity which owns the business.	
42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard to:	
a. the penalty b. the enforcement arrangements a b	3

Equality Considerations

No comments	
• •	measures are likely to have a substantial negative lality, how might this be minimised or avoided?
No comments	
-	ny other comments on or suggestions relevant to the d to equality considerations?
None	
Business and Rea	ulatory Impacts Considerations
	esessment of the likely financial implications, or other
46. What is your as impacts (if any), of organisation? If restrictions are to authority Trading S	
46. What is your as impacts (if any), of organisation? If restrictions are to authority Trading Swill place a further	ssessment of the likely financial implications, or other the introduction of each of these proposals on you of the implemented by legislation, it is likely that local standards Services will be expected to enforce them; this
46. What is your as impacts (if any), of organisation? If restrictions are to authority Trading Swill place a further 47. What (if any) of As budgetary finan Trading Standards	ssessment of the likely financial implications, or other the introduction of each of these proposals on you of the introduction of each of these proposals on you of the implemented by legislation, it is likely that local standards Services will be expected to enforce them; this burden upon already overstretched staffing resources.
46. What is your as impacts (if any), of organisation? If restrictions are to authority Trading Swill place a further 47. What (if any) of As budgetary finan Trading Standards authorities to enable extra duties.	seessment of the likely financial implications, or other the introduction of each of these proposals on you of the implemented by legislation, it is likely that local standards Services will be expected to enforce them; this burden upon already overstretched staffing resources. There significant financial implications are likely to aristical pressures continue to place a strain on existing resources, extra funding should be provided for local

43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes raise for people

Comments

As a party to the World Health Organiza tion's Framework Conv ention on Tobacc o Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation to protect the development of public health policy from the vested interests of the tobacco industry. To meet this obligation, we ask all respondents to disclose whether they have any direct or indirect links to, or receive funding from, the tobacco in dustry. We will still c arefully consider all consultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those with links to the tobacco industry and incolumn lude them in the published sum mary of consultation responses.

We have occasional contact with tobacco companies' trade mark representatives when enforcing legislation in relation to counterfeit tobacco. We do not receive any funding from the tobacco industry.